Doris Amacher

Guided tour to the Meydenbauer cameras

Eidgenössisches Archiv für Denkmalpflege

Meeting point: Conference Desk, Institute of Geological Sciences, Baltzerstrasse 3, Friday, 28th 15.00 Cost: 5 CHF (for public transportation)





Prof. em. Dr. Jörg Albertz

Bilder als historische Dokumente

Albrecht Meydenbauer als Pionier der Denkmalpflege

Public opening lecture (free Admission) Friday, November 28th at 18.30: University main building, "Kuppelsaal"

In 1839 Arago presented photography for the first time to the French academy of sciences. 19 years later, Albrecht Meydenbauer, a young architect, had the idea to use photographic images for the documentation of buildings. From this moment he worked with great enthusiasm for the technical realization of his idea, and he fought against many obstacles for its acceptance as a documentation method. Meydenbauer was aware of upcoming risks for cultural objects. He was convinced that the most important cultural heritage objects should be recorded in such a way that they could even be reconstructed in cases of destruction.

In recent times the prime interest in imagery has shifted from mere documentation towards image analysis and manipulation as well as to optical illusions.

Fees / Registration

50CHF / 30€ or 25CHF / 15€ for students Please register until November 10th, 2008 by mail: register.maps@lists.unibe.ch

Conference desk hours: Friday, 14.00 - 17.00

Saturday, 8.00 - 18.00 Sunday, 8.00 - 10.00

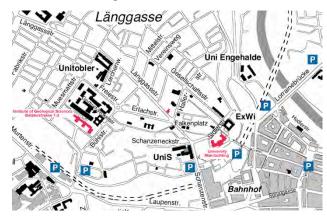
At the Institute of Geological Sciences, Baltzerstr. 3

Funded by:

Mittelbauvereinigung der Universität Bern and Max Elsa Beer Brawand Foundation

Venue

Public opening lecture on Friday, November 28th at 18.30: University main building, "Kuppelsaal" Saturday and Sunday, November 29th and 30th, 2008: Institute of Geological Sciences, Baltzerstrasse 1+3



Organizers

Dirk Rieke-Zapp, Ralph Rosenbauer, Susanne Rutishauser and Heidi Haas, University of Bern Alexander Reiterer, Vienna University of Technology Contact

info.maps@lists.unibe.ch

Historic maps and imagery for modern scientific applications



International scientists from several different disciplines meet in Berne to discuss their research which is partly or even completely based on the analysis of historical data, i.e. imagery, maps or city models. A wide variety of topics from Archeology, Geodesy, Geomorphology, History, and other disciplines are presented in four thematic blocks tied together by the use of similar data sources and analysis methods. The interdisciplinary approach allows to present potential data sources (archives), to learn about analysis of available data (imagery, maps, city models, etc.) and to understand for what kind of research questions historic data may be utilized.

International Congress

Friday, 28th until Sunday 30th November University of Bern





Programme

Saturday,	29 th November 2008	13.35 – 13.50	B. Stichelbaut, J. Bourgeois The overlooked aerial imagery of World
08.45 – 09.00	F. Schlunegger / D. Rieke-Zapp Welcome Address		War I: A unique source for landscape and conflict archaeology
Block 1: Architecture and urbanistic studies (chair: M. Seifert, University of Bern)		13.55 – 14.10	V. Heck, F. Seiler, S. Vogel Rectification of historic RAF aerial photos and generation of an orthophotomosaic of the Sarno River basin, Italy
09.00 - 09.30	,	14.15 – 14.30	Short break
	Aufbau historischer städtischer 3D-Szenarien am Beispiel der mittelalterlichen Stadt Duisburg	14.30 – 14.45	S. Vogt, R. Glaser, Chr. Griebel, H. G. Carls, W.Müller Historical aerial imagery in the context of
09.35 – 09.50			the '1950s Syndrome' in Central Europe
	3D Reconstruction of the City of Solothurn in 1820 based on a historical city model	14.50 – 15.05	M. Braune, E. Seyfert Luftbildsammelstelle im Wandel - Aufbau eines digitalen Luftbildarchivs in
09.55 – 10.10	A. Kirchhoff, J. Mülder, Ph. Paar,		Brandenburg
	Chr. Wetz, L. Bormann The Palmwood of Jericho - Virtual Reconstruction of Herod's Third Winter Palace and Oasis	15.10 – 15.25	A. P. Redecker Time Series Analysis based on Historical Aerial Photographs and Integrated GIS for Recycling Derelict Land Sites
10.15 – 10.45	Coffee break	15.30 – 16.00	Coffee break
10.45 – 11.00	M. De Franceschini	10.50 10.00	Conce break
	Ancient and modern Plans in Hadrian's Villa near Tivoli, Rome	Block 3: Historic Maps for modern questions	
11.05 – 11.20	G. Siedler, G. Sacher, S. Vetter	(chair: J. Peipe, Bundeswehr University, Munich)	
11.00	Photogrammetric Evaluation of historical Images in case of the Castle in Potsdam and the new Palais in Dresden	16.00 – 16.30	R. Bösch Reconstruction of vegetation history by inverse mapping
11.25 – 11.40	F. Henze, H. Lehmann Analysis of historical maps and images for research on urban development of Baalbek since Roman Antiquity	16.35 – 16.50	D. Salzmann, M. Bürgi Historic Maps as Invaluable Sources for Land-Use Reconstruction – the Example of the Cadastral Map of Limpach (CH) from
11. 45 – 12.00	Ar-Ragga (Syria) - research on historic	16.55 – 17.10	1749 Chr. Schuppert
12.00 – 13.00	Lunch break		A GIS-based Application of large-scale Historical Maps as a Contribution to Archaeological Research
Block 2: Aerial photogrammetry		17.15 – 17.30	Short break
(chair: A. Reite	rer, The Vienna University of Technology)	17.30 – 17.45	V. Kozlovskaya
13.00 – 13.30	N. Galiatsatos Utilising CORONA imagery for modern questions		Nineteenth-century administrative boundary maps as a source of information for ancient settlements on the northern Black Sea coast

17.50 – 18.05 R. Ebersbach, W. Hoyer
Tracing archaeological evidence with the help of historical maps and digital terrain models: case studies from the Archaeological Service of the canton of Berne

Sunday, 30th November 2008

Block 4: Land-use and climate change (chair: J. Chandler, Loughborough University)

08.45 – 09.15	J. Poesen Assessment of soil erosion processes and rates from historical documents
09.20 – 09.35	H. G. Carls, W. Müller, R. Glaser, S. Vogt Searching brownfields with wartime and post-war historic aerial imagery
09.40 – 09.55	N. Mitchell, G. Schaab Using remote sensing and old maps in combination with archival documents, oral histories, and placename evidence to show changes in rainforest cover for the Kakamega-Nandi Forest complex, Kenya
10.00 - 10.15	Th. Horst Manuscript Maps as sources for cultural history and the history of climatology
10.20 - 10.50	Coffee break
10.50 – 11.05	S. U. Nussbaumer, H. J. Zumbühl Glacier length fluctuations in the Alps and in southern Norway back to the 16th cen- tury based on historical data
11.10 – 11.25	A. Ritler Historical photographs as sources for the study of environmental change in Ethiopia and Northeast Africa for the last 150 years
11.30 – 11.45	J. Walstra, V. M. A. Heyvaert, P. Verkinderen Historical images of past landscapes in Lower Khuzestan

Historical topographical maps as

sources of information on climate



Ph. Forêt

change in Asia

12.10 - 13.00 Discussion / closing session

11.50 - 12.05